



## Overview of selected lightweight mirror development programs at GSFC

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#### Outline

• Light-weight technology demonstration mirror program with Kodak

• Lightweight cryostable mirror development





## Lightweight Technology Demonstration Mirror Program



#### Objective:

- Produce a lightweight, precision, low scatter mirror that advances the state-of-the-art in lightweight, precision mirror technology for far and extreme ultraviolet applications.
- Long term goal is diffraction limited performance below 100 nm.







## Specifications

• Surface Shape: Parabola, axi-symmetric

Material: ULE

Weight: 82% light-weighted, mass 4.6 kg

• Outer Diameter: 0.559 m

• Inner Diameter: 0.14 m

• Clear Aperture: 0.533 m OD, 0.165 m ID

• Focal Length: 0.65 m, f/1.21

• Surface Figure:

- global:  $0.01 \lambda$  rms at 632.8

mid frequency: 2.5 nm rms (goal < 1.0 nm), spatial periods of 1 mm - 10 mm</li>

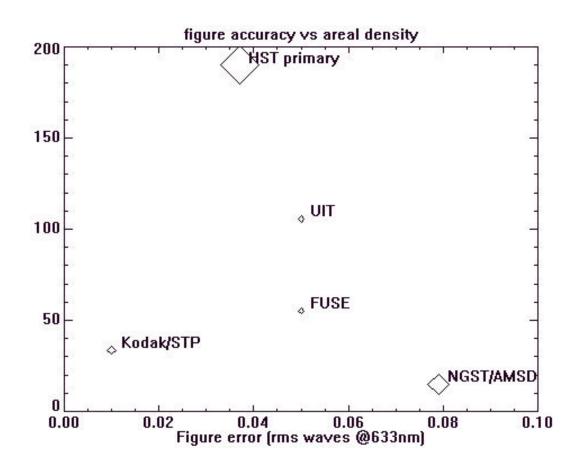
– microroughness: 1 nm rms (goal), spatial periods of 1 μm - 1.0 mm





# Figure Accuracy vs Areal Density for Selected Lightweight Mirrors











## Mirror Design

#### Stiff sandwich type construction

- front and back face sheets
- lightweight waterjet cut core with hexagonal cell structure
- core and face sheets fused together into a monolithic all-glass structure







### Design Parameters

- Outer diameter: 0.559 m
- Inner diameter: 0. 14 m
- Edge thickness: 48 mm
- Faceplate thickness: 3.5 mm
- Backplate thickness: 2.5 mm
- Cell wall thickness: 1.27 mm
- Cell inscribed circle diameter: 49 mm
- Nominal radius of curvature: 1.29 m
- Weight: 4.54 kg
- Areal density: 19.76 kg/m2
- % Lightweighting: 81.52 %
- Natural frequency (3 point support): 1010 Hz







## Mirror Mount Design

- Mirror mount consists of three bipod/mount pad sub-assemblies and a plate interface
  - three invar pads bonded to the back of the mirror
  - each pad connects to two flextures
  - the flexures clamped to lower pads that attach to the plate interface
- Kodak has used this type of bipod mount successfully on other space flight experiments





#### Status

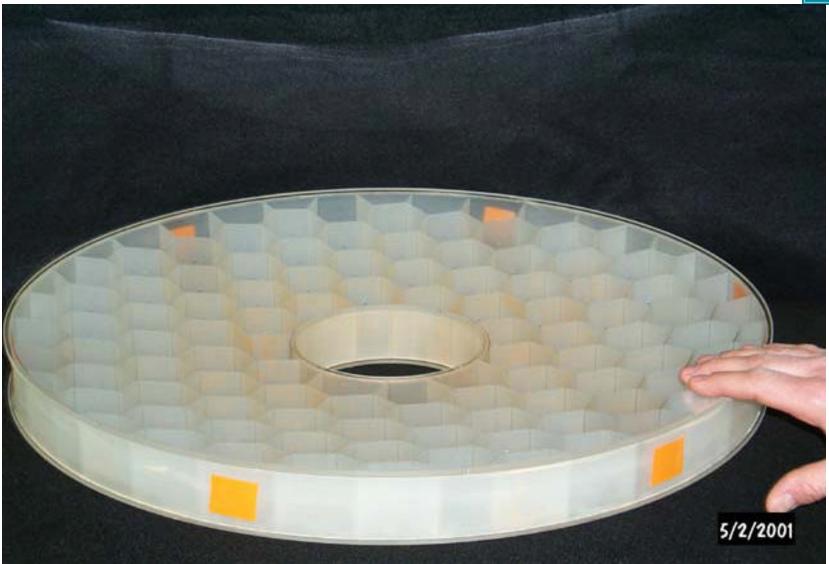


- Mirror and mount design completed
- Mirror blank fabricated, grinding and initial polishing completed
- Mount fabrication, final polishing and testing scheduled to be completed Oct. 2001





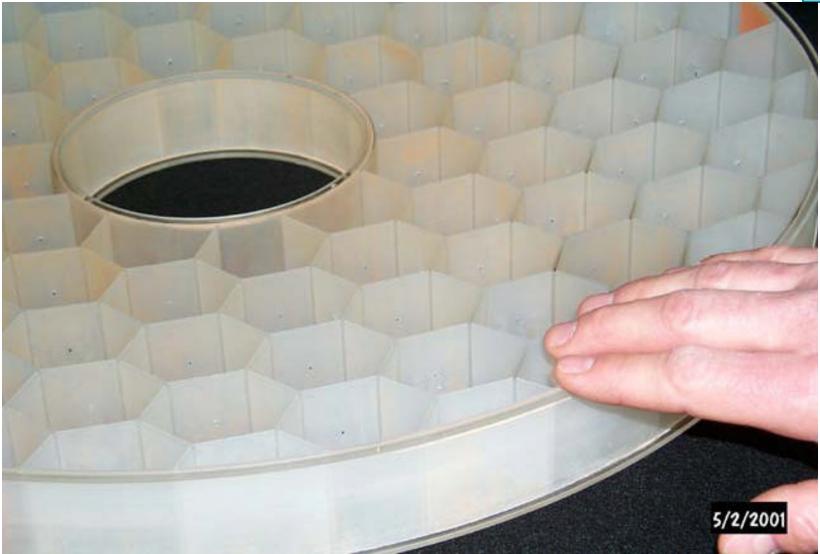








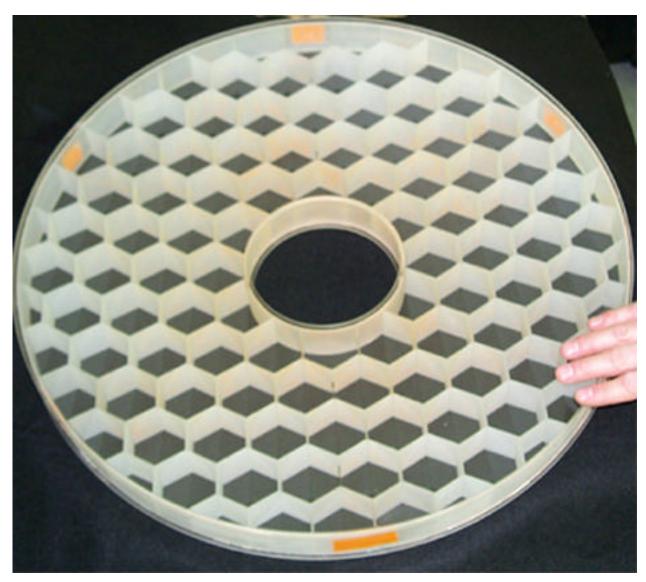


















## **Applications**

- Jupiter Magnetospheric Explorer (JMEX)
- MIDEX class missions
  - Kronos
  - Far Ultraviolet Imaging Mission
- Sun Earth Connection (SEC) Science Missions
- Space Ultraviolet Optical Telescope (SUVO)







#### Future Plans for the Mirror

- Coat the mirror with a coating optimized for EUV/FUV
- Test for imaging and scatter performance in the EUV/FUV
- Fly the mirror on a solar physics experiment



DGEF stainless steel vacuum cover being removed for preparation for UV test setup

